



### Module VI: Lesson 29 6Team Dysfunctions—Part 2

### WHAT WE LOOKED AT:

- Why take the time to make teams work?
- Dysfunction # 1: Backward Positioning
- The 1st of Patrick Lencioni's 5 Dysfunctions of a Team:
   Lack of Trust

### "BACKWARD POSITIONING"

- · Looking "back and down"
- Problem justification vs Solutions exploration
- · Underscores Shifts we can make in Attitude and Choice
- · Remembering that: Baby steps make quantum leaps possible

### THE LENCIONI MODEL

Inattention

to

Results

Avoidance of

Accountability

Lack of

Commitment

Fear of

Conflict

Absence of

Trust

## THE 2ND DYSFUNCTION: FEAR OF TENSION & DIFFERENCE

### TEAMSTHAT FEAR CONFLICT

Have boring meetings

### Create environments where back-channel politics and personal attacks thrive

### Ignore controversial topics that are critical to team success

Fail to tap into all the opinions and perspectives of team members

## Waste time and energy with posturing and interpersonal risk management

### TEAMSTHAT EMBRACE "CONFLICT"

### Have lively interesting meetings

Extract and exploit the ideas of all team members

Solve real problems quickly

Minimize politics

Put critical topics on the table for discussion

## TOOLS FORTEAMSTO OVERCOME CONFLICT

### Mining for difference

Real-time permission to engage rather than retreat

Learning more about how different personality types function etc.

Role of the Leader: love wrestling...

# THE CONNECTION WITH THE NEXT DYSFUNCTION

### Without engaging in authentic dialogue:

Settle for a version of consensus that is superficial

Settle for a disunited version of certainty

and this leads to ...

### ATEAMTHAT FAILS TO COMMIT

## Creates ambiguity among the team about direction and priorities

Watches windows of opportunity close due to excessive analysis and unnecessary delay

Breeds lack of confidence and fear of failure

Revisits discussions and decisions again and again

Encourages second-guessing among team members

### ATEAMTHAT COMMITS

Creates clarity around direction and priorities

Aligns the entire team around common objectives

Develops an ability to learn from mistakes

Takes advantage of opportunities

Moves forward without hesitation

Changes direction without hesitation or guilt

### TOOLS USED BY A TEAM THAT COMMITS

Cascading Messaging

#### **Deadlines**

Contingency and worst-case scenario planning

### ATEAMTHAT AVOIDS ACCOUNTABILITY

Creates **resentment** among team members who have different standards of performance

### Encourages mediocrity

Misses deadlines and key deliverables

Places an undue burden on the team leader as the sole source of **discipline** 

## ATEAMTHAT HOLDS ONE ANOTHER ACCOUNTABLE...

Ensures that poor performers feel pressure to improve

Identifies potential problems quickly by questioning one another's approaches without hesitation

Establishes respect among team members who are held to the same high standards

### TOOLS TO BUILD ACCOUNTABILITY

Publication of Goals and Standards

Simple and Regular Progress Reviews

Team rewards (away from individual rewards)

Team Leader needs to encourage and allow the team to serve as the first and primary accountability mechanism

# ATEAMTHATIS NOT FOCUSED ON RESULTS

Stagnates/fails to grow

#### Looses achievement-oriented members

Encourages team members to focus on their own careers and individual goals

is easily distracted

### ATEAMTHAT IS FOCUSED ON RESULTS

Retains achievement-oriented members

Minimizes individualistic behavior

Enjoys success and suffers failure acutely

Benefits from individuals who **subjugate** their own goals/ interests for the good of the team

Avoids distractions

### TOOLS TO HELP FOCUS ON RESULTS

Public declaration of Results

Results based rewards

Leader must set the tone for a focus on results

### STRONGTEAMS

Spend time together

Eliminate confusion

Minimize redundant effort and communications

Reach the desired goals—faster, better, cheaper, more enjoyably and much more fulfilled

#### RECOMMENDED READING & STUDY

- · The One Minute Manager, by Kenneth H. Blanchard and Spencer Johnson
- The Five Dysfunctions of a Team by Patrick M Lenconi
- The Leader's Guide to Storytelling: Mastering the Art and Discipline of Business Narrative by Stephen Denning
- Jim Collins: From Good to Great www.jimcollins.com
- The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People by Stephen Covey

Today's Homework ...

Review the 6 dysfunctions

How can awareness of the "solutions focus frame" help keep you on track with the 5 team dysfunctions?

Pick ONE tool of ONE dysfunction that you can investigate to see how it could help your teams develop new strengths





